

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: Titanium Scrap

ID: NFE-0114

## \*\*\* Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification \*\*\*

**Chemical Name:** Mixture  
**Product Use:** Scrap metal usage.  
**Manufacturer Information**  
The David J. Joseph Company  
300 Pike Street  
Cincinnati, OH 45202

Contact: Dept. of Safety & Environmental Services  
Phone: (513) 621-8770  
Emergency # (800) 424-9300 - ChemTrec

## \*\*\* Section 2 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \*\*\*

CAS #	Component	Percent
7440-32-6	Titanium	>80
7429-90-5	Aluminum	<8
7440-62-2	Vanadium	<5
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	<5
7440-67-7	Zirconium	<4
7440-47-3	Chromium	<4
7440-31-5	Tin	<4
7440-02-0	Nickel	<0.1

### Component Information/Information on Non-Hazardous Components

This data sheet is prepared as a guideline for typical uses of scrap materials. The user should be aware that the composition of the scrap can vary based upon the raw materials, processes used, and protective coatings that may have been applied to the original materials. The list of ingredients below are typical ingredients thought to be present in the scrap material. This list includes contaminants that may or may not be present. The percentages given vary from shipment to shipment and may not be entirely accurate for a given shipment.

Protective coatings, including paints, lubricants, corrosion inhibitors, etc., may have been applied to the material before it came under the control of the recycler. These coatings may contain hazardous materials. Typical hazardous materials contained in these coatings include: lead, zinc, chromium, and cadmium. Some organic materials may also be present. The supplier (recycler) may have no specific knowledge of the particular contaminant. However, it is anticipated that the hazardous materials present in the coatings would generally represent less than 0.1% of the total material present. The health hazards presented by these contaminants would produce their greatest potential for exposure during processes such as melting, cutting, welding. These processes could generate metal fumes that might produce the health hazards identified in section III of this MSDS.

It is suggested that the user protect employees by utilizing engineering controls that reduce exposures to acceptable concentrations. Where engineering controls are not feasible, appropriate personal protective equipment should be utilized.

## \*\*\* Section 3 - Hazards Identification \*\*\*

### Emergency Overview

Product is supplied as scrap metal consisting of titanium alloy. This is a non-combustible, non-reactive solid material. Processing of the product for some final uses can include formation of dusts, particulates or fumes which may present certain health hazards. Generation of large quantities of airborne dusts and particulates may produce a fire hazard. Molten metal may react violently with water. Exposure to powder or dusts may be irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Product may cause mechanical abrasions and irritation to the eyes and skin.

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## Hazard Statements

CAUTION Dusts, particulates or fumes generated from this product may be irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory system and may cause fever, chills and muscular aches. May contain nickel, titanium and chromium which may cause allergic skin and/or respiratory sensitization reactions. May contain nickel which may cause cancer. Chronic overexposure to dusts, particulates and fumes may result in gastrointestinal damage, lung, liver and kidney damage, anemia, bone softening, anorexia, cardiac abnormalities and neurological damage.

## Potential Health Effects: Eyes

Dust or powder may cause irritation and/or inflammation to the eye tissue. Rubbing may cause abrasion of cornea.

## Potential Health Effects: Skin

Prolonged contact with this product may cause allergic skin sensitization reactions. Dust or powder may irritate the skin. This product may produce skin abrasions, lesions, or cuts.

## Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

Ingestion of this product is unlikely; however if ingested may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, abdominal pain, fever, vomiting, and diarrhea. Ingestion of large amounts of product may produce more serious toxicities including: myocardial weakness, decreased white blood cell count, neurological damage, cardiovascular shock, anemia, and liver and kidney damage.

## Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Product contains components that may cause allergic respiratory sensitization and cancer. Dusts, vapors, and fumes generated during processing may irritate the respiratory system. Overexposure to processing fumes may cause metal fume fever which is an influenza like illness. Symptoms include headache, metallic taste in the mouth, cough, thirst, throat irritation, shortness of breath, fever, sweating and pain in the limbs. Severe acute overexposure or chronic overexposure to dusts or processing fumes may produce more serious toxicities including: bone softening, lung damage, weakness, anemia, kidney and liver damage, and nervous and circulatory system damage.

HMIS Ratings: Health: 1\* Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Pers. Prot.: safety glasses with side shields, gloves

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe \* = Chronic hazard

## \*\*\* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \*\*\*

### First Aid: Eyes

In cases of contact, flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water. If irritation persists get medical attention. In case of mechanical abrasions and cuts, seek medical attention immediately.

### First Aid: Skin

For skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. Cuts or abrasions should be treated promptly with thorough cleansing of the affected area.

### First Aid: Ingestion

Due to the physical nature of this material, ingestion is unlikely to occur. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

### First Aid: Inhalation

If inhaled, immediately remove the affected person to fresh air. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. Seek medical attention immediately.

### First Aid: Notes to Physician

No additional information available.

## \*\*\* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures \*\*\*

Flash Point: Not applicable

Upper Flammable Limit (UFL): Not available

Auto Ignition: Not applicable

Rate of Burning: Not applicable

### General Fire Hazards

Dust accumulation from this product may present an explosion hazard in the presence of an ignition source. Coatings and oils applied to the product may enhance flammability.

### Hazardous Combustion Products

This product may release metal oxide fumes by thermal decomposition.

Method Used: Not applicable

Lower Flammable Limit (LFL): Not available

Flammability Classification: Non-flammable

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## Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, soda ash, sand. Molten metal may react violently with water.

## Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Fire fighters should wear full-face, self contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Other:

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

## \* \* \* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \* \* \*

### Containment Procedures

Containment of this material should not be necessary. If dusts or particulates are generated, eliminate sources of ignition.

### Clean-Up Procedures

Small pieces of this product may be collected with a broom and shovel. Collect dust or particulates using a vacuum cleaner with a HEPA filter. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers.

### Evacuation Procedures

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

### Special Procedures

None necessary.

## \* \* \* Section 7 - Handling and Storage \* \* \*

### Handling Procedures

Do not inhale dusts or vapors produced during thermal processing. Avoid eye and excessive skin contact. Use only with adequate ventilation. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Special care must be taken to avoid buildup of dusts.

### Storage Procedures

Keep this material in a cool, well-ventilated place.

## \* \* \* Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \* \* \*

### Exposure Guidelines

#### A: General Product Information

Follow all applicable exposure limits. Keep formation of dusts, particulates and fumes to a minimum.

#### B: Component Exposure Limits

##### Aluminum (7429-90-5)

ACGIH: metal dust, as Al: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

OSHA: total dust, as Al: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; respirable fraction, as Al: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

NIOSH: total: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; respirable dust: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; pyro powders and welding fumes: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; soluble salts and alkyls: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

##### Molybdenum (7439-98-7)

ACGIH: soluble compounds, as Mo: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; insoluble compounds, as Mo: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

OSHA: soluble compounds, as Mo: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; insoluble compounds (total dust), as Mo: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

NIOSH: as Mo: no established RELs - see Appendix D

##### Chromium (7440-47-3)

ACGIH: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

OSHA: (as Cr): 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

NIOSH: as Cr: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; see Appendix C for supplementary exposure limits

##### Tin (7440-31-5)

ACGIH: metal: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> STEL

skin - potential for cutaneous absorption

OSHA: inorganic compounds (except oxides), as Sn: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA; organic compounds, as Sn: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA  
organic compounds: Prevent or reduce skin absorption

NIOSH: as Sn: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

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## Zirconium (7440-67-7)

ACGIH: 5 mg/m3 TWA  
as Zr: 10 mg/m3 STEL  
OSHA: as Zr: 5 mg/m3 TWA  
as Zr: 10 mg/m3 STEL  
NIOSH: as Zr: 5 mg/m3 TWA  
10 mg/m3 STEL

## Nickel (7440-02-0)

ACGIH: metal: (1) mg/m3 TWA  
OSHA: 1 mg/m3 TWA  
NIOSH: as Ni: 0.015 mg/m3 TWA; NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen - see Appendix A

### Engineering Controls

Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes/Face

Wear safety glasses with side shields.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Skin

Use impervious gloves.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

When dusts or thermal processing fumes are generated and ventilation is not sufficient to effectively remove them, appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection must be provided.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: General

Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material.

## \*\*\* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties \*\*\*

<b>Appearance:</b>	Depends upon scrap composition, most often appears as a dark gray amorphous powder or lustrous white metal.	<b>Odor:</b>	Not available
<b>Physical State:</b>	Solid	<b>pH:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor Pressure:</b>	Not applicable	<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	6000 deg F (3300 deg C)	<b>Melting Point:</b>	3100 deg F (1700 deg C)
<b>Solubility (H2O):</b>	Insoluble	<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	5

## \*\*\* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information \*\*\*

### Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### Chemical Stability: Conditions to Avoid

Molten metal may react violently with water. Fine particles, dust or fumes may be flammable or explosive.

### Incompatibility

Titanium may react with bromine trifluoride, carbon dioxide, copper oxide, fluorine, lead oxide, nickel and potassium chlorate.

### Hazardous Decomposition

Decomposition of this product may yield metallic oxides.

### Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

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## \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*

### Acute and Chronic Toxicity

#### A: General Product Information

No information available for the product. Operations which supply sufficient energy to the product (i.e. welding, high speed grinding or melting) can release dust or fumes which may make components of the product biologically available. Chronic overexposure to titanium dusts and fumes may cause mild pneumoconiosis and possible allergic sensitization reactions. Aluminum soluble compounds, when ingested or inhaled, may have neurotoxic effects evidently due to the metal binding to nervous tissue. Chronic overexposure to aluminum can result in lung damage and has been associated with asthma-like syndrome. Accumulation of aluminum in the body may result in neurological damage, anemia and bone softening. Repeated overexposure to high levels of aluminum oxide may lead to pulmonary fibrosis, a progressive lung disorder. Exposure to molybdenum compounds may produce abnormal liver function, anemia, hypothyroidism and has been associated with gout. In animals, diarrhea, anorexia and fatty degeneration of the liver have been observed. Inhalation of chromium fumes may cause metal fume fever, a flu-like illness generally lasting 24 hours or less. Industrial exposure to chromium may cause dermatitis, skin ulcers, perforation of the nasal septum, as well as cancers of the lungs, nasal cavity and paranasal sinuses. Systemic effects from ingestion of nickel include capillary damage, kidney damage, myocardial weakness and central nervous system depression. Allergic skin sensitization reactions are the most frequent effect of exposure to nickel compounds. Contact with nickel compounds may also result in allergic lung sensitization reactions.

#### B: Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

No LD50/LC50's are available for this product's components.

### Carcinogenicity

#### A: General Product Information

No information available for the product. The carcinogenic effect of nickel has been well documented in occupationally exposed nickel refinery workers. Lung and nasal cancers were the predominant forms of cancer in the exposed workers.

#### B: Component Carcinogenicity

##### Chromium (7440-47-3)

ACGIH: A4-not classifiable as a human carcinogen

IARC: Monograph 49; 1990 (Group 3 (not classifiable))

##### Zirconium (7440-67-7)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

##### Nickel (7440-02-0)

NIOSH: occupational carcinogen

NTP: suspect carcinogen (Listed under 'Nickel and certain nickel compounds') (Possible Select Carcinogen)

IARC: Monograph 49; 1990 (and alloys) (Group 2B (sufficient animal data))

### Epidemiology

No information available for the product.

### Neurotoxicity

No information available for the product. Inhalation of fine aluminum particles has produced progressive encephalopathy, followed by dementia and convulsions.

### Mutagenicity

No information available for the product. The binding of DNA to aluminum may alter, expose, or hide different critical regions in genes for expression or regulation in vivo. Nickel inhibited DNA repair and induced transformation in experimental assays. Increases in sister chromatid exchanges were seen in lymphocytes of workers exposed to chromium dusts.

### Teratogenicity

No information available for the product. Aluminum has been shown to have teratogenic effects. Nickel has been reported to have adverse reproductive effects in experimental animals and shown to be fetotoxic in experimental animals.

### Other Toxicological Information

Under normal conditions of handling, the likelihood of inhaling or ingesting amounts necessary for these effects to occur is very small.

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## \*\*\* Section 12 - Ecological Information \*\*\*

### Ecotoxicity

**A: General Product Information**

No information available for the product.

**B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity**

**Aluminum (7429-90-5)**

EC50 (48 hr) water flea: 1.4 mg/L.

### Environmental Fate

No information available for the product.

## \*\*\* Section 13 - Disposal Considerations \*\*\*

### US EPA Waste Number & Descriptions

**A: General Product Information**

This product contains a component or components identified as hazardous under 40 CFR 261.24.

**B: Component Waste Numbers**

**Chromium (7440-47-3)**

RCRA: waste number D007; regulatory level = 5.0 mg/L

### Disposal Instructions

Byproducts and residues from this product may be reprocessed or recycled. Upon disposal, collected dusts and other similar wastes could contain a constituent identified as a hazardous waste. Wastes must be tested using methods described in 40 CFR Part 261 to determine if it meets applicable definitions of hazardous wastes.

## \*\*\* Section 14 - Transportation Information \*\*\*

### US DOT Information

**Shipping Name:** Certain forms of this material (i.e. powders, borings, shavings, turnings, cuttings, dross, etc.) may be subject to U.S. DOT hazardous material shipping requirements. If products are shipped in quantities which exceed the reportable quantity (RQ) for individual components, they may also meet the requirements as DOT hazardous materials.

**Hazard Class:** Not available.

**UN/NA #:** Not available.

**Packing Group:** Not available.

**Required Label(s):** Not available.

**Additional Info.:** Not available.

## \*\*\* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \*\*\*

### US Federal Regulations

**A: General Product Information**

This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication). The following component analysis applies only to those facilities that are required to report under applicable regulations.

**B: Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

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**Aluminum (7429-90-5)**

SARA 313: form R reporting required for 1.0% de minimus concentration (fume or dust only)

**Vanadium (7440-62-2)**

SARA 313: form R reporting required for 1.0% de minimus concentration (only fume or dust)

**Chromium (7440-47-3)**

SARA 313: form R reporting required for 1.0% de minimus concentration

CERCLA: final RQ = 5000 pounds (2270 kg) (no reporting of releases of this hazardous material is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is equal to or exceeds 0.004 inches)

**Nickel (7440-02-0)**

SARA 313: form R reporting required for 0.1% de minimus concentration

CERCLA: final RQ = 100 pounds (45.4 kg) (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is equal to or exceeds 0.004 inches)

**State Regulations**

**A: General Product Information**

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause reproductive/developmental effects.

**B: Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS #	CA	FL	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Titanium	7440-32-6	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vanadium	7440-62-2	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Chromium	7440-47-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tin	7440-31-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Zirconium	7440-67-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nickel	7440-02-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

**Other Regulations**

**A: General Product Information**

No information available for the product.

**B: Component Analysis - Inventory**

Component	CAS #	TSCA	DSL	EINECS
Titanium	7440-32-6	Yes	Yes	Yes
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes	Yes	Yes
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vanadium	7440-62-2	Yes	Yes	Yes
Chromium	7440-47-3	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tin	7440-31-5	Yes	Yes	Yes
Zirconium	7440-67-7	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nickel	7440-02-0	Yes	Yes	Yes

**C: Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

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Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1% item 47 (197)
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	1% item 1092 (1167)
Vanadium	7440-62-2	1% item 1675 (1712)
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.1% item 399 (561)
Tin	7440-31-5	1% item 1571 (804)
Zirconium	7440-67-7	1% item 1733 (1736)

**\*\*\* Section 16 - Other Information \*\*\***

**Other Information**

Reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this information, but the manufacturer makes no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to this information. The manufacturer makes no representations and assumes no liability for any direct, incidental or consequential damages resulting from its use.

**Key/Legend**

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; TLV = Threshold Limit Value; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; HMIS = High Efficiency Particulate Air; CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act; SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

This is the end of MSDS # NFE-0114